## Standardized Testing: Helpful or Harmful?

Over the last two decades, the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) and Florida Standard Assessment (FSA) have been used to assess student aptitude. Florida's Department of Education (DOE) has instituted many reforms to the standardized testing system that assesses students' aptitude for the subjects reading and math. However, the structure of these tests have the unintended effect of prompting teachers to employ static teaching methods, only teaching students according to what will be on the test.


Florida Passing* Scores for Math and Reading, 2017-2021

Passing FSA scores have declined 14\% accross both assessments since 2018.


Percentage of Students With Passing FSA Scores, 2021-22
Reading


White Hispanic Black
A higher percentage of White students pass both the reading and mathematics FSA' at a higher rate than their Black and Hispanic counterparts

Percentage of passing and failing students, 2021-2022


Note: Some of the totals for the percentages of passing and failing students do not total $100 \%$. According to the Florida DOE school grades calculation guide for 2021-22, only $95 \%$ of a public school's students need to be tested to represent the progress of the school, Students of Asian or one or more races, have been excluded from all calculations due to them making up less than six percent of the population.

## Florida Public School Population Composition by Race and Ethnicity, 2021-2022

There were 4,202 public schools in Florida with $2,833,179$ students enrolled in 2022.


## What's Being Done: Progress Based Assessments

Governor Ron DeSantis signed SB 1048, Student Assessments into law on March 16, 2022. SB 1048 abolishes the FSA and institutes the Florida Assessment for Student Thinking (FAST). FAST is a progress monitoring assessment that is designed to regularly identify the educational strengths and needs of students.

