

Maternal Health in Miami-Dade County

U.S. Maternal Death

Maternal death occurs during pregnancy or within 42 days of its termination from any cause related to the pregnancy. In 2020 the US saw 861 maternal deaths or 23.8 deaths per every 100,000 live births.

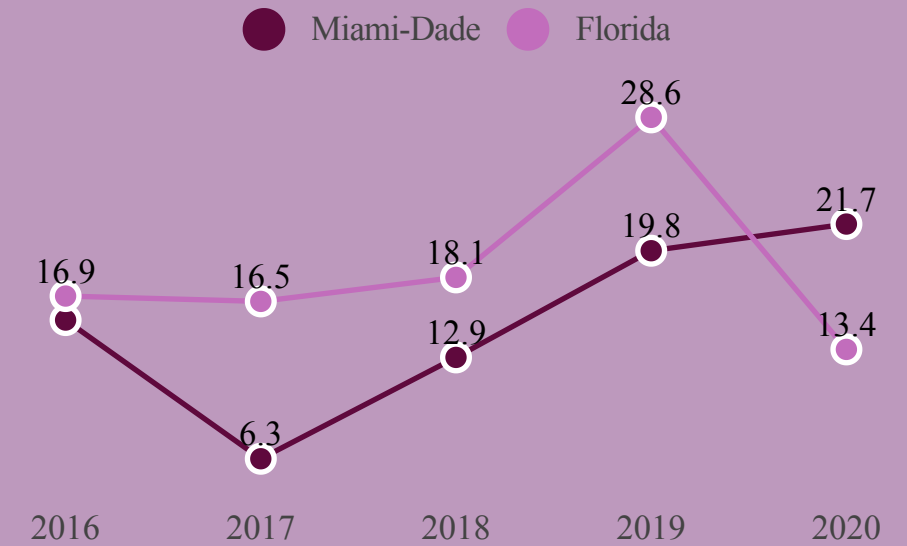
Births to Mothers with 3rd Trimester/No Prenatal Care (2016-2020)

Year	Miami-Dade Count	Miami-Dade Rate	Florida Count	Florida Rate
2016	1,159	3.9	12,126	6.1
2017	1,226	4.1	13,784	6.9
2018	1,412	4.9	14,176	7.1
2019	1,453	5.3	14,824	7.5
2020	1,219	4.6	13,968	7.1

Miami-Dade County has lower rates of births to mothers without prenatal care compared to Florida with increasing rates for both except in 2020, possibly due to the pandemic and health concerns prompting mothers to obtain prenatal care.



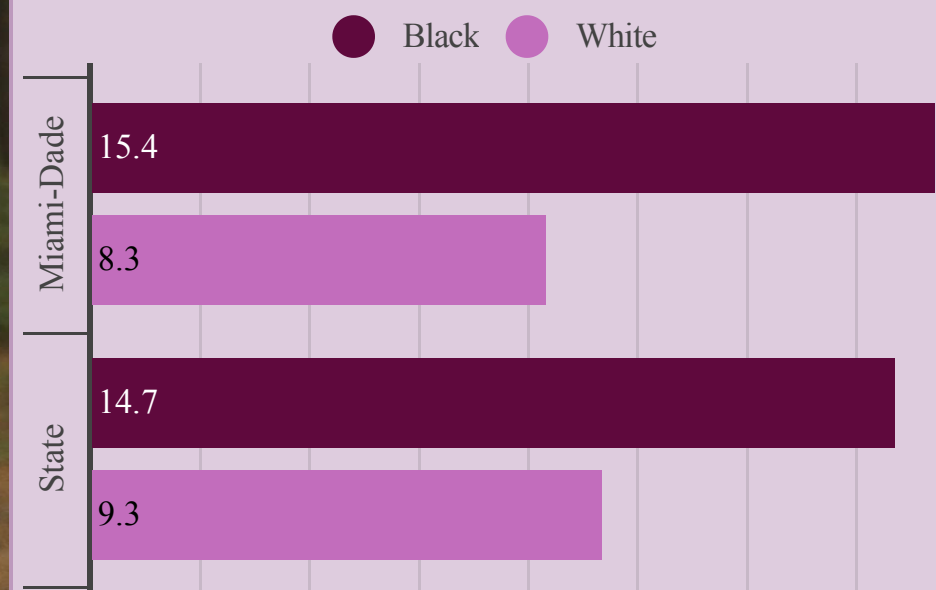
Maternal Mortality Rates (2016-2020)



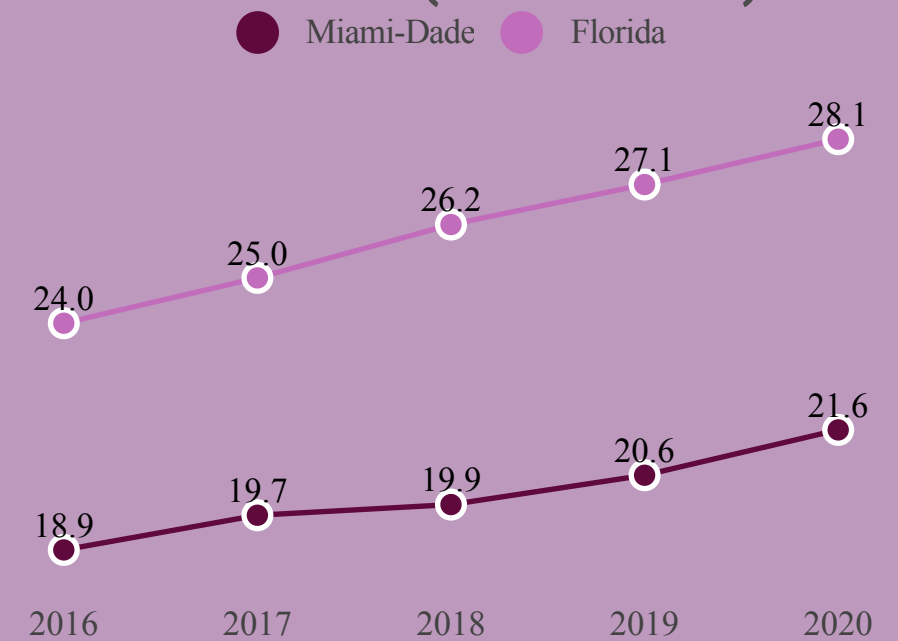
Maternal mortality rates increased from 2016 to 2019 in Florida and fell to 13.4 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2020. In Miami-Dade rates increased steadily to a high of 21.7 in 2020, with the highest rate for Black mothers at 60.1 deaths per 100,000 live births compared to 14.2 deaths for White mothers. Hispanic origin was gauged separately with the Hispanic death rate in 2020 for Dade County at 17.5.

Preterm births at less than 37 weeks of gestation were 9.6% of births in Miami-Dade. Black infants are the most affected with 14.7% and 15.4% of all Black births in Florida and Miami-Dade being preterm. Hispanic origin was gauged separately with the rate at 8.7%

Preterm births by Race (2020)



Infants Born to Obese Mothers (2018-2020)



The rates of infants born to obese mothers (at the time of birth) have been steadily increasing. Overall, Miami-Dade County has had a lower rate of births to mothers who were obese at the time pregnancy occurred than the state since 2016